Appl. No. 09/822,709 Reply to Office Action of October 7, 2003

Amendments to the claims.

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of the claims in the application:

- 1 1. (original) A method of backing up and restoring data in a computer system, the method 2 comprising: 3 defining a logical backup object; 4 specifying one or more collapsed extents; and 5 recording details of the collapsed extents. 1 2. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising: 2 starting data movement between a host and the backup and restore system; and 3 monitoring data movement. 3. (original) The method of claim 2 further comprising: 1 2 receiving a completed signal; and 3 in response to the completed signal, halting the monitoring of the data movement. 1 4. (original) The method of claim 2 further comprising repeatedly defining a logical backup 2 object, specifying extents, starting data movement, recording details of the specified extents and 3 monitoring data movement from a first storage unit to a second storage unit until all data is 4 transferred to the second storage unit. 1
- 5. (original) The method of claim 2 further comprising restoring data by:
- 2 creating empty objects to restore into;
- 3 discovering the extents of the empty objects;
- 4 reading the extents of the backup objects; and
- 5 specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one of the
- 6 extents corresponds to a collapsed extent.

1	6. (original) A method of backing up data used in a computer system having a client, a primary
2	storage system and a backup storage system, the method comprising:
3	discovering one or more actual extents on the primary storage system;
4	collapsing the extents; and
5	specifying the collapsed extents to the backup storage system.
1	7. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein collapsing the extents comprises:
2	identifying a pattern in the actual extents discovered on the primary storage system; and
3	generating a representation of files specified by the actual extents which is more compact
4	than the representation provided by the actual extents and defining the representation as a
5	collapsed extent.
1	8. (original) A method of restoring data from a backup and restore system to a host, the method
2	comprising:
3	creating empty objects on host to restore into;
4	discovering the extents of the empty objects;
5	reading the extents of the backup objects; and
6	specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one of the
7	extents corresponds to a collapsed extent.
1	9. (original) The method of Claim 8 wherein specifying a mapping comprises specifying pairs
2	of extents which identify the backup extents and the restore extents.
1	10. (currently amended) The method of Claim 8 wherein specifying a mapping comprises:
2	identifying whether both back up and restore extents is are striped;
3	in response to both the back up and restore extents being striped, identifying whether
4	both back up and restore extents have the same column width and column count;
5	in response to both the back up and restore extents being striped, identifying whether
6	both back up and restore extents start at the beginning of a stripe element;
7	compute a number of repetitions; and
8	generate a single restore extent for the number of repetitions.

Appl. No. 09/822,709 Reply to Office Action of October 7, 2003

1 11. (original) The method of Claim 8 further comprising: 2 monitoring data movement. 3 receiving a complete signal; and 4 in response to the completed signal halting the monitoring of the data movement. 1 12. (original) A backup and restore system for backing up and restoring files to and from a primary storage system coupled to a client, the backup and restore system comprising: 2 3 a processor for defining a logical backup object; 4 a collapsed extent processor for specifying collapsed extents; 5 means for starting data movement; and 6 an extent recording processor for recording details of collapsed extents. 1 13. (currently amended) The system of claim 1112 further comprising means for logically 2 restoring a logical element from a segment of storage on the primary storage system. 1 14. (original) The system of claim 12 further comprising a processor for specifying a mapping 2 from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one of the extents corresponds to a 3 collapsed extent. 1 15. (original) The system of claim 13, wherein said means for logically restoring comprises: 2 means for creating empty objects to restore into; 3 means for discovering the extents of the empty objects; 4 means for reading the extents of the backup objects; and 5 means for specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least 6 one of the extents corresponds to a collapsed extent. 1 16. (original) The system of claim 13, wherein the means for logically restoring comprises 2 means for specifying pairs of extents which identify the backup extents and the restore extents

Docket No. EMC-005PUS

Appl. No. 09/822,709 Reply to Office Action of October 7, 2003

1	17. (new) A method of restoring data from a backup and restore system to a host, the method
2	comprising:
3	creating empty objects on host to restore into;
4	discovering the extents of the empty objects;
5	reading the extents of the backup objects; and
6	specifying a mapping from backup extents to restore extents wherein at least one of the
7	extents corresponds to a collapsed extent and wherein specifying a mapping comprises:
8	identifying whether both back up and restore extents are striped;
9	in response to both the back up and restore extents being striped, identifying
10	whether both back up and restore extents have the same column width and column count
11	in response to both the back up and restore extents being striped, identifying
12	whether both back up and restore extents start at the beginning of a stripe element;
13	computing a number of repetitions; and
14	generating a single restore extent for the number of repetitions.